

Notice of Appeal Under Section 40(1) of Fisheries (Amendment) Act 1997 (No.23)

APPEAL FORM

ame of Appellant (Block Letters)	Kinsale and Dock Rowing Club		
dress of Appellant			
ircode			
Phone No.	Email address (enter below)		
Mobile No.		Δ	
Please note if there is any change to the det	ails given above, the onus is on the appell	ant to ensure that A	LAB is
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Fees must be received by the closing date for receipt of appeals		Amount	Tick
An appeal by an applicant for a licence against a decision by the Minister in respect of that application			
An appeal by the holder of a licence against the revocation or amendment of that licence by the Minister			
An appeal by any other individual or organisation			V
Request for an Oral Hearing* (fee payable in addition to appeal fee) *In the event that the Board decides not to hold an Oral Hearing the fee will not be refunded			
	tronic Funds Transfer		
Fees can be paid by way of Cheque or Elec			e Licensir
Fees can be paid by way of Cheque or Electrope Cheques are payable to the Aquaculture 1 Appeals (Fees) Regulations, 2021 (S.I. No.	cicences Appeals Board in accordance w 771 of 2021)	ith the Aquaculture	

An Bord Achomhaire Um Cheadúnais Dobharshaothraithe | Aquaculture Licences Appeals Board Court Choill Ethinist, Bóthar Bhaile Átha Cliath, Port Laoise, Contae Laoise, R32 DTW5 Kilminchy Court, Dublin Road, Portlaoise, County Laois, R32 DTW5

APPEALS BOARD

16 JUN 2025

Phone: +353 (0) 57 8631912





appealed.



The Legislation governing the appeals is set out at Appendix 1 below.

SUBJECT MATTER OF THE APPEAL

T05-472A referring to mussel farm application in Kinsale Harbour submitted by Woodstown Bay Shellfish

Site Reference Number: (as allocated by the Department of Agriculture, Food, and the

T05-472A

Marine)

APPELLANT'S PARTICULAR INTEREST

Briefly outline your particular interest in the outcome of the appeal:

Kinsale and Dock Rowing Club is a traditional yawl boat coastal rowing club, which is a public club. Both adults and children have been rowing with the club for a century (founded in 1926). The Kinsale and Dock rowing boats are stored by the Dock beach and, at low tide, can only be launched from the beach. The Kinsale Community school transition year program includes a module on traditional rowing methods using the club's facilities allowing the students to experience traditional marine activities while gaining mutually safe proximity to protected wild marine life including seals, otters, a variety of birds, sea grasses, etc. They also get a fresh perspective of the unique heritage of Kinsale harbour including James Fort and Charles Fort.

The proposed site for this enormous mussel farm is located off the Dock beach directly in our traditional safe rowing waters. This proposal has not considered marine safety and has the potential to deny us full, continuous, unlimited, and safe access to our traditional rowing waters.

We plan as a club to join forces with other appellants to request a judicial review following legal advice.

GROUNDS OF APPEAL

State in full the grounds of appeal and the reasons, considerations, and arguments on which they are based) (if necessary, on additional page(s)):

- 1. The Kinsale and Dock Rowing Club, which could be impacted hugely by the proposed activity of this mussel farm, was not selected to be involved in the consultation process.
- Will the proposed activity from the mussel farm deny the club full, continuous, and unlimited traditional access to our safe rowing waters in the harbour as enjoyed by club members for a century?
- 2. There is no information about the extent, timing, and duration of the dredging and harvesting number of boats and/or lorries involved nor about the frequency and length of the dredging and harvesting operations.

We are worried about access to the club's boats, launching beach, and safe waters plus access to the Dock area because of an increase to traffic congestion on the already congested approach roads (which are one way in the summer season because of current traffic congestion and current disruption to Castelpark residents).

We are worried about marine safety for our rowing club and especially the health and safety of the club's adult and child rowers, both experienced and learning.

- 3. Lack of transparency regarding the license award.
- 4. No sight of terms and conditions for the licence and no access to information regarding public consultation and environmental impact.



CONFIRMATION NOTICE ON EIA PORTAL (if required)

In accordance with Section 41(1) f of the Fisheries (Amendment) Act 1997, where an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is required for the project in question, please provide a copy of the confirmation notice, or other evidence (such as the Portal ID Number) that the proposed aquaculture the subject of this appeal is included on the portal established under Section 172A of the Planning and Development Act 2000. (See Explanatory Note at Appendix 2 below for further information).

EIA Portal Confirmation	Notice is enclosed with the	nis Notice of Appeal			
the Portal ID Number)		il is enclosed or set out be			
An EIA was not complete Portal	ed in the Application stag	e/the Project does not appo	ear on the EIA	Х	
Details of other evidence					
Signed by the Appellant	Secretary, Kinsale and I	Dock Rowing Club Date	14.06	14.06.2025	
Please note that this fo	orm will only be accepte	d by REGISTERED PO	ST or handed in	to the ALAI	

This Notice of Appeal should be completed under each heading, including all the documents, particulars, or information as specified in the notice and duly signed by the appellant, and may include such additional documents, particulars, or information relating to the appeal as the appellant considers necessary or appropriate."

DATA PROTECTION – the data coffected for this purpose will be held by ALAB only as long as there is a business need to do so and may include publication on the ALAB website



Appendix 1.

Extract from the Fisheries (Amendment) Act 1997 (No.23)

- 40. (1) A person aggrieved by a decision of the Minister on an application for an aquaculture licence or by the revocation or amendment of an aquaculture licence may, before the expiration of a period of one month beginning on the date of publication in accordance with this Act of that decision, or the notification to the person of the revocation or amendment, appeal to the Board against the decision, revocation or amendment, by serving on the Board a notice of appeal.
 - (2) A notice of appeal shall be served—
 - (a) by sending it by registered post to the Board,
 - (b) by leaving it at the office of the Board, during normal office hours, with a person who is apparently an employee of the Board, or
 - (c) by such other means as may be prescribed.
 - (3) The Board shall not consider an appeal notice of which is received by it later than the expiration of the period referred to in subsection (1)
- 41. (1) For an appeal under section 40 to be valid, the notice of appeal shall—
 - (a) be in writing,
 - (b) state the name and address of the appellant,
 - (c) state the subject matter of the appeal,
 - (d) state the appellant's particular interest in the outcome of the appeal,
 - (e) state in full the grounds of the appeal and the reasons, considerations and arguments on which they are based, and
 - (f) where an environmental impact assessment is required under Regulation 3 of the Aquaculture Appeals (Environmental Impact Assessment)
 Regulations 2012 (SI No 468 of 2012), include evidence of compliance with paragraph (3A) of the said Regulation 3, and

(g) be accompanied by such fee, if any, as may be payable in respect of such an appeal in accordance with regulations under section 63, and

shall be accompanied by such documents, particulars or other information relating to the appeal as the appellant considers necessary or appropriate.

^{**}Please contact the ALAB offices in advance to confirm office opening hours.



Appendix 2.

Explanatory Note: EIA Portal Confirmation Notice/Portal ID number

The EIA Portal is provided by the Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage as an electronic notification to the public of requests for development consent that are accompanied by an Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIA Applications). The purpose of the portal is to provide information necessary for facilitating early and effective opportunities to participate in environmental decision-making procedures.

The portal contains information on EIA applications made since 16 May 2017, including the competent authority(ies) to which they are submitted, the name of the applicant, a description of the project, as well as the location on a GIS map, as well as the Portal ID number. The portal is searchable by these metrics and can be accessed at:

https://housinggovie.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id_d7d5a3d48f104ecbb206e 7e5184b71f1

Section 41(1)(f) of the Fisheries (Amendment) Act 1997 requires that "where an environmental impact assessment is required" the notice of appeal shall show compliance with Regulation 3A of the Aquaculture Appeals (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 468/2012), as amended by the Aquaculture Appeals (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 279/2019) (The EIA Regulations)

Regulation 3A of the EIA Regulations requires that, in cases where an EIA is required because (i) the proposed aquaculture is of a class specified in Regulation 5(1)(a)(b)(c) or (d) of the Aquaculture (Licence Application) Regulations 1998 as amended — listed below, or (ii) the Minister has determined that an EIA was required as part of their consideration of an application for intensive fish farming, an appellant (that is, the party submitting the appeal to ALAB, including a third party appellant as the case may be) must provide evidence that the proposed aquaculture project that is the subject of the appeal is included on the EIA portal.

If you are a third-party appellant (that is, not the original applicant) and you are unsure if an EIA was carried out, or if you cannot find the relevant Portal ID number on the EIA portal at the link provided, please contact the Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage for assistance before submitting your appeal form.

The Classes of aquaculture that are required to undergo an EIA specified in Regulation 5(1)(a)(b)(c) and (d) of the Aquaculture (Licence Application) Regulations 1998 S.I. 236 of 1998 as amended are:

- Marine based intensive fish farm (other than for trial or research purposes where the output would not exceed 50 tonnes);
- b) All fish breeding installations consisting of cage rearing in lakes;
- c) All fish breeding installations upstream of drinking water intakes;
- d) Other fresh-water fish breeding installations which would exceed 1 million smolts and with less than 1 cubic metre per second per 1 million smolts low flow diluting waters.

In addition, under Regulation 5(1) (e) of the 1998 Regulations, the Minister may, as part of his or her consideration of an application for intensive fish farming, make a determination under Regulation 4A that an EIA is required.

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